How A Bill Becomes A Law: Mississippi Edition

Draw a line from each step in the order of how a bill becomes a law (refer to "How a bill becomes a law in Mississippi" sheet at legislature.ms.gov).

Introduction in House or Senate (First Reading)

Placed on Calendar

Report of Committee

Debate by House of Origin (House if House Bill, Senate if Senate Bill) (Third Reading) Placed on Calendar (other House)

Committee Hearings

If bill passes House of Origin, it is then sent to the other House (First Reading). Committee
Hearing
(other
House)

Debate by other House (Third Reading).

> Refer to Committee in other House (Second Reading)

Report of Committee

(other House)

Bill sent to conference Committee

Conference Committee reaches a compromise and files a conference report.

If both Houses adopt conference report, it is sent to the Governor

Refer to Committee (Second Reading)

Vote on Final Passage

Both Houses vote on conference report.

If bill passes both Houses in identical form, then it's sent to the Governor If bill passes both Houses, but House of Origin rejects changes made. Bill becomes a law:

- 1. Signed by Governor
- 2. Not signed by Governor by Deadline
 - 3. Vetoed but overridden